Printed Pages - 8

328712 (28)

BE (7th Semester) Examination, Nov.-Dec., 2021 Branch : Et & T

MICROWAVE COMMUNICATION & ENGINEERING

Time Allowed : Three Hours Maximum Marks : 80 Minimum Pass Marks : 28

Note: (i) Part (a) in each question is compulsory.

(ii) Attempt any two parts from b, c & d.

(iii) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

(iv) Answer should be brief and to the point.

328712 (28)

Q. 1.	(a)	Define skip distance. 2	
	(b)	Derive an expression for field strength of	
		tropospheric wave. 7	
	(c)	What is an elevated duct? Explain ground	
		based duct propagation. 7	
	(d)	A T.V. transmitter antenna has a height of	
		144 meter and the receiving antenna has a	
		height of 25 meters. What is the maximum	
		distance through which the TV signal should	
		be received by space wave propagation?	
		What is the radio horizon in this case? 7	

328712 (28)

Q. 2. (a) What is the effect on an electron that enters

the buncher gap, when the potential across

the grids is at zero volts? 2

(b) Derive expression for four propagation

constant which represent four different

mode of wave propagation of the helical

Travelling Wave Tube (TWT). 7

(c) Obtain expression for the relationship

between the repeller voltage $\left(V_{R}\right)$ and

number of cycle (n) required for oscillation

for a given beam voltage V_{o} . 7

328712 (28)

(d) A four-cavity Klystron amplifier has the

7

following parameters :

Beam Voltage ; V_o = 20 KV.

Beam Current ; $I_o = 2 A$

Operating frequency ; f = 9 GHz.

dc charge density ; $P_o = 10^{-6} \text{ c/m}^3$

RF charge density ; $f = 10^{-8} \text{ c/m}^3$

Velocity perturbation ; $v = 10^5$ m/s

Determine :

(i) The dc electron velocity.

(ii) The dc phase constant.

328712 (28)

(iii) Plasma frequency.

(iv) Reduced plasma frequency for R = 0.5

(v) The beam current density.

(vi) The instantaneous beam current density.

Q. 3. (a) What is parametric amplifiers? 2

(b) With suitable diagram, explain how GUNN

diode can be used as an oscillator and

amplifier.

(c) State the difference between IMPATT and

TRAPATT.

(d) Explain operation and characteristics of

Tunnel diode.

7

7

7

328712 (28)

Q. 4. (a) Differentiate between an E plane tee and an

H plane tee. 2

(b) Explain the action of isolator and circulator

using ferrites. 7

(c) Explain two hole directional coupler and

derive its S-matrix. 7

(d) Imagine that a source is connected to arm

'P' and arm 'S' is match terminated. Arm 1

and 2 are terminated in reflection

coefficients of 0.2 and 0.3 respectively.

What is VSWR seen by the source? 7.

328712 (28)

Q. 5. (a) What is the drawback of filter design by

image parameter method ? 2

(b) Explain the process of filter design by the

insertion loss method. 7

(c) Design a band pass filter having a 0.1 dB

Chebyshev response with N = 3. The centre

frequency is 2 GHz, the bandwidth is

200 MHz and impedance is 50 $\Omega_{\rm \cdot}$

The element values for low pass prototype

circuit are given as :

7

328712 (28)

$$g_1 = 1.0315$$

 $g_2 = 1.1474$
 $g_3 = 1.0315$

(8)

 $g_4 = 1.000$

(d) Explain wave analysis of periodic

structures.

7